# Economics 4423 – International Finance-Fall 2009 TR 11-12:15 – ECON 117

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Office: Economics 109 Hours: Tuesday 9-11

Telephone: 303-492-8295 Most of yoThuradinyglfððtBiððourse will come from our textbook, *International Macroeconomics*, by Feenstra and Taylor (Worth, 2008). This is an excellent text by two highly regarded international economists. These authors lucidly present an analytical framework for understanding international finance and open economy macroeconomics, and apply these models to interesting, important, and recent events in international macroeconomics. My goals in the lectures will be to work through similar analytical models and then to give further applications of these principles. For example, the text was published before the current global economic crisis, and important aspects of this crisis must be understood from an international macroeconomic perspective.

In some cases the text readings will be updated or supplemented by short articles on current issues in international finance that are posted on the CULearn site for this course. Any student enrolled in this course is automatically registered on CULearn, and our site can be accessed at <a href="http://culearn.colorado.edu">http://culearn.colorado.edu</a>

\_\_\_\_\_. I will also post abbreviated slides and notes to supplement my lectures, and I recommend that you download and bring to class those materials relevant to that week's class. You should not assume that the content of the lectures is fully covered in the posted notes.

Your grade will be based on two midterm examinations and a mandatory final, each counting towards 25% of the final grade, two problem sets each counting towards 7.5% of your grade, and a project for th

and the policies that were adopted to deal with the crisis and beyond. Your report must rely on the models presented in the course to analyze the crisis; it cannot be merely descriptive. Graphs will be useful to present the economic analysis of the crisis and also to characterize the movements of key variables during your country's crisis. I estimate that a good report would be about 6-8 double-spaced pages including graphs.

I encourage you to work on this project in teams of two, but you may choose to work on your own if you prefer. On November 5 each team should submit a note identifying the members of the team and the country/crisis you plan to analyze. Crises such as the Argentine crisis of 2000-2002 that are discussed in detail in the text cannot be chosen. However, this presentation of the Argentine crisis provides an excellent model for you to follow in your own report.

Your registration in this class is taken as your agreement with these policies. The prerequisite for this course is Econ 3080 (Intermediate Macroeconomics). If you anticipate you may not be able to meet these conditions or you do not meet the prerequisite, you are advised to drop the course before the drop deadline (see schedule at <a href="http://registrar.colorado.edu/students/registration/registration\_packet/drop\_add.html#deadlines">http://registrar.colorado.edu/students/registration/registration\_packet/drop\_add.html#deadlines</a>

According to College rules incomplete grades (IF) can be given only under the following three conditions: (i) the student must initiate the request for an IF; (ii) an IF can be given only if the student cannot complete the course for reasons beyond his or her control (such as a medical emergency); and (iii) the student and the instructor must complete and sign an agreement stipulating the reasons for the incomplete and the conditions for completing the course.

Additional administrative issues governing disability needs, religious observances, honor code, etc. can be found in the final section of this syllabus covering Administrative Issues.

explicitly in the Balance of Payments accounts. Here we see, for example, that the United States runs a huge deficit in its trade in goods and services, which must be financed by the accumulation of debt to the rest of the world. What are the implications of these trade deficits for our long run solvency, for the future value of the dollar on foreign exchange markets, and on the role of the dollar as an international reserve currency? Why are countries, like China, willing to continue to hundreds of billions of dollars to the US, and will they continue to do so?

The international flow of financial assets, such as U.S. Treasury securities, and the trade in goods and services have impacts on the macroeconomies of the countries involved in these flows. This leads to a reexamination of macroeconomic principles from an open economy perspective. We must learn the fundamental linkages between exchange rates, national price levels (or rates of inflation), and interest rates. These three key variables are instrumental in transmitting macroeconomic shocks from one country to another. Consequently a country's exchange rate policy interacts with fiscal and monetary policies to influence output, prices and interest rates in both the short run and the long run. This naturally has implications for a country's choice between fixed and flexible exchange rates, and helps to understand the alternative exchange rate systems that have been in place over the past 100 years: the gold standard, the Bretton Woods system, and the current mixed system. Our current mixture of exchange rate arrangements includes common currency areas, such as the euro area, to which Feenstra and Taylor have devoted an entire chapter. These are some of the issues and topics that will emerge from our study of international macroeconomics.

### Administrative Addendum

#### Accommodation of Disabilities.

If you qualify for accommodations because of a disability, please submit to me a letter from Disability Services in a timely manner so that your needs may be addressed. Disability Services determines accommodations based on documented disabilities. Contact: 303-492-8671, Willard 322, and http://www.Colorado.EDU/disabilityservices

## **Religious Observances**

Campus policy regarding religious observances requires that faculty make every effort to reasonably and fairly deal with all students who, because of religious obligations, have conflicts with scheduled exams, assignments or required attendance. Please contact me early in the semester if you are aware of any conflicts between our course schedule and your needs for religious observances.

See full details at http://www.colorado.edu/policies/fac relig.html

#### **Classroom Behaviour**

Students and faculty each have responsibility for maintaining an appropriate learning environment. Those who fail to adhere to such behavioral standards may be subject to discipline. Professional courtesy and sensitivity are especially important with respect to individuals and topics dealing with differences of race, culture2ID 2lnces of2(r)5(o)4()5(g8(n)-1ID 25 -15)4()5(gC -0.000an4( a1a25 -15)4()5(gC 5)4(rje)8(n)4( f299 .e(t)4()5(gc0.00an4( a1a25 -15)4()5(gC 5)4(rje)8(n)4( f299 .e(t)4()5(gC 5)4(rje)8(n)4( f299 .e(t)4()5(f29 .e(t)4(